

Épreuve 2020  
**Anglais**  
(concours ENAC IESSA)

## Préambule

Ce document propose l'énoncé de l'épreuve d'Anglais du concours IESSA 2020.

## Consignes

La durée de l'épreuve est de 2h. Le jour de l'épreuve, les réponses sont reportées sur un formulaire où le candidat noirci les cases «A», «B», «C», «D» ou «E». Il est demandé d'utiliser un stylo bille ou une pointe feutre de couleur noire.

Dans cette épreuve, chaque question ne comporte qu'une seule option correcte. En 2020, il n'y avait pas de pénalité en cas de mauvaise réponse.

Questions 1 à 40 :

**CHOISISSEZ PARMIS LES QUATRE RÉPONSES PROPOSÉES CELLE QUI COMPLÈTE AU MIEUX LA PHRASE.**

1) John believes that mobile phones \_\_\_\_\_ change the way we live.

- A) would definite      B) are definite      C) will definitely      D) define

2) You must drive \_\_\_\_\_ because of the storm.

- A) careful      B) carefully      C) by care      D) with careful

3) He thinks that people are more optimistic than they \_\_\_\_\_ be.

- A) used to      B) use to      C) would      D) were to

4) My grandmother was very gifted with languages. She \_\_\_\_\_ speak four or five!

- A) was able      B) could      C) was too able      D) was able to

5) We are going to go to the concert tonight \_\_\_\_\_ it is too late to buy the tickets.

- A) when      B) unless      C) if      D) whereas

6) Your apartment is \_\_\_\_\_ than ours.

- A) more bigger      B) much more big      C) so bigger      D) much bigger

7) If they'd wanted some help, they \_\_\_\_\_ asked.

- A) would have      B) have      C) would      D) had

8) Rosemary loved the dress in the shop window. She wished she \_\_\_\_\_ enough money.

- A) might have      B) had to      C) would have      D) had

9) I heard the police \_\_\_\_\_ 3 warnings before they made arrests.

- A) were issued      B) had issued      C) have issued      D) have been issuing

- 10) I heard \_\_\_\_\_ the television today that the exams were going to be cancelled.  
A) at                                      B) on                                      C) by                                      D) in
- 11) They \_\_\_\_\_ me their teacher was absent.  
A) told                                      B) said                                      C) said to                                      D) say to
- 12) I wish that we could come with you to Toulouse. \_\_\_\_\_ though, I have to work.  
A) Basically                                      B) Nevertheless                                      C) Happily                                      D) Unfortunately
- 13) John didn't have \_\_\_\_\_ time to read the latest news as he was playing chess with his friends.  
A) much                                      B) many                                      C) a few                                      D) lots of
- 14) Did you see \_\_\_\_\_ moon at the weekend?  
A) -                                      B) a                                      C) the                                      D) some
- 15) I wish all schools would \_\_\_\_\_ school dinners free.  
A) to make                                      B) allow                                      C) let                                      D) make
- 16) Scott, you are really late! What \_\_\_\_\_ you?  
A) had kept                                      B) was keeping                                      C) kept                                      D) keeps
- 17) Don't forget to send Michael an email \_\_\_\_\_ you leave.  
A) when                                      B) as soon                                      C) -                                      D) following
- 18) We used to do our homework in the library as we were \_\_\_\_\_ to take our books home.  
A) let                                      B) not let                                      C) not allowed                                      D) unallow
- 19) It is said that the headmaster \_\_\_\_\_ speak French.  
A) has not                                      B) didn't                                      C) has                                      D) to
- 20) Michael offered \_\_\_\_\_ the shopping.  
A) do                                      B) make                                      C) to do                                      D) to make

- 21) The secretary said that she was utterly \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) fed                      B) hungry                      C) angry                      D) fed up
- 22) How \_\_\_\_\_ information can you expect a child to remember?  
A) many                      B) few                      C) much                      D) small
- 23) The school has \_\_\_\_\_ a dance hall.  
A) turned                      B) changed                      C) turned into                      D) gone into
- 24) Please keep the noise down \_\_\_\_\_ we are doing examinations.  
A) while                      B) during                      C) during the                      D) well
- 25) Can you \_\_\_\_\_ Tim to put paper in the photocopier?  
A) remember                      B) ask to                      C) remind                      D) demand
- 26) An appropriate metaphor for \_\_\_\_\_ Italian culture is the opera.  
A) understood                      B) understand                      C) to understand                      D) understanding
- 27) She \_\_\_\_\_ some bread when Mike came into the shop and invited her to dinner.  
A) was buying                      B) bought                      C) were buying                      D) buys
- 28) In 1992, China \_\_\_\_\_ the country's first law declaring men and women equal.  
A) has issued                      B) passed                      C) said                      D) was issuing
- 29) The student said he had been revising but actually he \_\_\_\_\_ video games.  
A) had been playing                      B) played                      C) has been playing                      D) used to play
- 30) \_\_\_\_\_ 1940, Brazil used five different currencies.  
A) In                      B) At                      C) In the                      D) During the

- 31) **If I can't fix the computer, \_\_\_\_\_ it back to the shop.**  
A) I take                      B) I would take                      C) I will take                      D) I took
- 32) **Rap music is interesting to \_\_\_\_\_.**  
A) listen                      B) hear to                      C) listen to                      D) heard
- 33) **Who was the novel "Great Expectations" \_\_\_\_\_?**  
A) written by                      B) wrote from                      C) wrote                      D) written
- 34) **No one can \_\_\_\_\_ who first used the term 'social media'.**  
A) say on                      B) remember on                      C) talk on                      D) agree on
- 35) **Research shows that 'Generation Z' have \_\_\_\_\_ set of values.**  
A) on themselves                      B) their own                      C) their selves                      D) their self
- 36) **We have been using Xs for kisses at the bottom of letters \_\_\_\_\_ at least 1763.**  
A) since                      B) during                      C) -                      D) while
- 37) **Queen Elizabeth has been on the throne for \_\_\_\_\_ any other British monarch.**  
A) moreover                      B) since                      C) more                      D) longer than
- 38) **A digital detox is \_\_\_\_\_ away from all devices that can connect to the internet.**  
A) timing                      B) a times                      C) a period of time                      D) period
- 39) **Rupert \_\_\_\_\_ her an offer she couldn't refuse.**  
A) found                      B) making                      C) made                      D) find
- 40) **They helped Lynn \_\_\_\_\_ her new job.**  
A) settle in                      B) settle into                      C) to settle                      D) settling

Questions 41 à 80 :

**Les extraits ci-dessous abordent des thèmes divers tirés de l'actualité. Pour chaque phrase numérotée, vous devez choisir le mot ou l'expression correcte.**

### The rise of the emojis

There can be few days more **41)** \_\_\_\_\_ than your own wedding, and few things as hard to express as the emotions that you might feel in the **42)** \_\_\_\_\_ to it. When it was Olympic and Wimbledon tennis champion Andy Murray's **43)** \_\_\_\_\_, however, he managed to capture precisely those feelings in a tweet that moved the world. Yet what made this tweet so special was the fact that **44)** \_\_\_\_\_ using words, Murray wrote the whole thing using just emojis.

From **45)** \_\_\_\_\_ in the morning to the trip to the church, the rings, the photographs, the celebrations, the drink, the love, and lots and lots of sleep, Murray's tweet, in part, heralded the rise of a **46)** \_\_\_\_\_ form of communication. This was the rise of the emojis, which linguistics professors such as Vyvyan Evans, author of *The Emoji Code: The Linguistics behind Smiley Faces and Scaredy Cats*, would soon declare to be "incontrovertibly the world's first truly **47)** \_\_\_\_\_ form of communication", and even "the new universal language".

So when in 2017 business psychology expert Keith Broni was **48)** \_\_\_\_\_ by Today Translations as the world's first ever Emoji Translator, this posed a difficult question. If emojis really were the world's very first global lingua franca, why would anybody need them to be translated? Broni explains that this is because beyond the **49)** \_\_\_\_\_ emojis are in essence neither "universal", nor a true "language". Instead, they are "at most a linguistic tool that is being used to complement our language". In other words, emojis do not and cannot by themselves constitute a **50)** \_\_\_\_\_ code of communication between two parties. Rather, they are used as a way of enhancing texts and social media messages like a kind of additional punctuation.

- |                      |                    |                   |                    |
|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 41) A) wise-cracking | B) scare-mongering | C) nerve-wracking | D) knuckle-rapping |
| 42) A) run up        | B) countdown       | C) uncounting     | D) running up      |
| 43) A) big day       | B) celebration day | C) unique day     | D) top day         |
| 44) A) instead       | B) other from      | C) more than      | D) rather than     |
| 45) A) singing       | B) having shower   | C) getting ready  | D) leave home      |
| 46) A) brand new     | B) pristinely      | C) afresh         | D) original        |
| 47) A) all over      | B) top to toe      | C) anyplace       | D) universal       |
| 48) A) sublet        | B) retain          | C) hired          | D) empower         |
| 49) A) hype          | B) promoting       | C) plug           | D) building up     |
| 50) A) eloquent      | B) purposely       | C) meaningful     | D) allusive        |

### UK airline passengers wasting £175m a year choosing specific seats

UK airline passengers are **51)** \_\_\_\_\_ up to £175m a year on unnecessary **52)** \_\_\_\_\_ seating fees, new research suggests. Almost half (45 per cent) of people who pay to sit with their companions would be seated together anyway, **53)** \_\_\_\_\_ an investigation by the Civil Aviation Authority (CAA). The aviation regulator urged airlines to tell customers how likely it is they will be split up **54)** \_\_\_\_\_ they pay extra.

Analysis of nine major airlines serving the UK found the proportion of passengers who are not separated from their group **55)** \_\_\_\_\_ refusing to pay additional fees ranges from 35 per cent on Ryanair to 12 per cent on Flybe and TUI Airways. Allocated seating generally costs **56)** \_\_\_\_\_ £5 and £30 a seat, although some of the most **57)** \_\_\_\_\_ seats can cost up to £100. Parents highlighted concerns of being separated from their children even though guidance states they should be sat together to **58)** \_\_\_\_\_ an evacuation in the case of an emergency. Aviation Minister Liz Sugg said: "Passengers rightly expect to be charged fairly for services and allocated seating is clearly a concern for those flying."

CAA policy director Tim Johnson added: "Charging for allocated seating has clearly become part of airlines' pricing strategies, which can impact especially on certain groups such as those with accessibility needs and those travelling with young children.

"We are also concerned about how transparent and easy it is to compare prices and **59)** \_\_\_\_\_ an informed buying decision. Today we are proposing a new framework, following engagement with stakeholders, which will be used to assess airline seating practices.

This includes transparency, **60)** \_\_\_\_\_ to add information about travelling with children, older people and those with accessibility needs."

- |                     |                  |               |                 |
|---------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 51) A) investing    | B) earning       | C) throwing   | D) wasting      |
| 52) A) allocated    | B) shared        | C) designate  | D) paying       |
| 53) A) in align     | B) according to  | C) just as    | D) stated with  |
| 54) A) unless       | B) if not        | C) not only   | D) except       |
| 55) A) even with    | B) despite       | C) in spite   | D) even if      |
| 56) A) amid of      | B) between       | C) halfway    | D) among        |
| 57) A) looked-after | B) taken care of | C) searched   | D) sought-after |
| 58) A) speed up     | B) increase      | C) get faster | D) climb        |
| 59) A) reach for    | B) make          | C) diagnose   | D) take to      |
| 60) A) additions    | B) options       | C) choices    | D) details      |

### Robot turns out to be a man in a suit

A "hi-tech robot" shown on Russian state television has **61)** \_\_\_\_\_ to be a man in a suit.

Russia-24 praised the ersatz android during the **62)** \_\_\_\_\_ of a youth forum dedicated to robotics, boasting that "Robot Boris has already learned to dance and he's not that bad".

But **63)** \_\_\_\_\_ bloggers were dubious. The Russian website TJournal listed questions about the robot's performance: Where were Boris's external sensors? Why did the robot make so many "unnecessary movements" while dancing? And why did the robot look like a person would **64)** \_\_\_\_\_ perfectly inside of it?

Later, photographs of the "robot" **65)** \_\_\_\_\_ social media showed the very visible neckline of the person **66)** \_\_\_\_\_ the suit. Boris turned out to be an "Alyosha the Robot" costume made by a company called Show Robots. The £3,000 costume, **67)** \_\_\_\_\_ microphone and tablet display, creates the "near total illusion that before you stands a real robot".

A photograph published by MBKh Media, the news agency founded by the Vladimir Putin opponent Mikhail Khodorkovsky, appeared to show the actor in the robot suit ahead of the forum on Tuesday in Yaroslavl, a city about 150 miles north-east of Moscow.

The organisers of the Proyektoria technology forum, held each year for the "future intellectual leaders of Russia", did not try to **68)** \_\_\_\_\_ the robot as real, the website reported.

But whether by mistake or design, the state television **69)** \_\_\_\_\_ did just that. "It's entirely possible one of these [students] could dedicate himself to robotics," an anchor reported. "Especially as at the forum they have the **70)** \_\_\_\_\_ to look at the most modern robots."

- |                     |               |               |                  |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| 61) A) turned in    | B) turned on  | C) turned up  | D) turned out    |
| 62) A) coverage     | B) cover      | C) covering   | D) covert        |
| 63) A) cat-eyed     | B) blue-eyed  | C) sharp-eyed | D) fox-eyed      |
| 64) A) fit          | B) grow       | C) size       | D) increase      |
| 65) A) sent         | B) posted on  | C) pasted on  | D) displayed     |
| 66) A) in           | B) on         | C) into       | D) inner         |
| 67) A) equipped for | B) dressed in | C) furnished  | D) equipped with |
| 68) A) pass out     | B) put on     | C) pass off   | D) put along     |
| 69) A) reporting    | B) footage    | C) the news   | D) reported      |
| 70) A) chance       | B) occasion   | C) luck       | D) opportunity   |



**Roar deal: tiny lion cub found caged in Marseille garage**

French **71)** \_\_\_\_\_ agents have discovered a lion cub in a car garage in the southern city of Marseille, they said on Friday, days after another was found in the Paris suburbs.

The tiny cub, weighing just a few kilos, was found on Wednesday inside a **72)** \_\_\_\_\_ travel cage in a garage to the city's north. She is believed to be one to two months old, said Bruno Hamon, deputy chief of Marseille's customs office.

A garage employee, who was temporarily **73)** \_\_\_\_\_ by customs agents, said only that he had taken the cub from a Marseille building after its **74)** \_\_\_\_\_ owners said they were **75)** \_\_\_\_\_ by the situation.

The animal was **76)** \_\_\_\_\_ into the SPA animal protection charity, which has passed her on to a specialist NGO which works to **77)** \_\_\_\_\_ wild animals, customs officials said in a statement.

The discovery came just a day after French police seized a six-week-old lion cub from an apartment in the Paris suburb of Valenton on Tuesday. Its owner, a 30-year-old man known to police, was arrested. The female cub was discovered in a child's bed and was in good health.

A source close to the investigation said the cub was most **78)** \_\_\_\_\_ stolen and that the suspect appeared to have intended to resell her.

Police had been alerted to the cub by videos circulating on social media, in which a man offered her for sale for about €10,000 (£8,889).

There have been a **79)** \_\_\_\_\_ of such cases around France in recent years, including a **80)** \_\_\_\_\_ cub rescued from an apartment in Noisy-le-Sec, east of Paris, last year. A small abandoned cub was also found in a cage in a field outside the Dutch city of Utrecht earlier this month.

- |                     |                |                 |                |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 71) A) customs      | B) civils      | C) civilians    | D) customary   |
| 72) A) animals      | B) pet's       | C) domestic     | D) pets'       |
| 73) A) remained     | B) retained    | C) demanded     | D) detained    |
| 74) A) before       | B) former      | C) ancient      | D) previously  |
| 75) A) submerged in | B) invaded     | C) moved in     | D) overwhelmed |
| 76) A) gave         | B) handed      | C) transmitted  | D) delivered   |
| 77) A) shelter      | B) housing     | C) hermit       | D) tent        |
| 78) A) likely       | B) like        | C) fairly       | D) subject to  |
| 79) A) numbers      | B) string      | C) trow         | D) assortment  |
| 80) A) semi-hungry  | B) semi-starve | C) half-starved | D) half-hungry |