

Épreuve 2020 **Anglais** (concours ENAC GSEA/TSEEAC)

Préambule

Ce document propose l'énoncé de l'épreuve d'Anglais du concours GSEA/TSEEAC 2020.

Consignes

La durée de l'épreuve est de 2h. Le jour de l'épreuve, les réponses sont reportées sur un formulaire où le candidat noirci les cases «A», «B», «C», «D» ou «E». Il est demandé d'utiliser un stylo bille ou une pointe feutre de couleur noire.

La consigne qui s'applique est la suivante :

Les extraits ci dessous abordent des thèmes divers tirés de l'actualité. Pour chaque phrase numérotée, vous devez choisir le mot ou l'expression correcte et noircir la case correspondante sur la feuille de réponses.

Dans cette épreuve, chaque question ne comporte qu'une seule bonne réponse. En 2020, il n'y avait pas de pénalité en cas de mauvaise réponse.

Anglais 2020

Drugged orangutan found in Russian's airline luggage

Drugged orangula	in lound in 1	cussian s anime	ruggage	
to bring home and k	eep as a pet ha r airport late o	as been arrested in	Bali, police said o	Indonesia in his suitcase on Saturday. Andrew Collins was rough a security screening before
Suspicious officers st sleeping inside a ratt		l opened his 3)	to find	a two-year-old male orangutan
suitcase," Bali consei	rvation agency he added. Th	official Ketut Mar	bawa said. "Collin	ep. We found the pills inside the s seemed prepared, like he was aby formula and blankets for the
5) the who has since left In	primate for \$3 donesia, convir	,000 from a street aced him he could	market in Java. H bring home the or	nd, another British tourist who e 6) his friend, angutan as a pet. The British smuggling, Marbawa said.
Orangutans are a cri Nature, with only ab				tional Union for Conservation of
Plantation workers a while poachers captu			onsider the apes pe	ests and sometimes attack them,
				hunters. Four Indonesian men 130 times with an air gun.
Police at an Indones	ian airport also	o found two 10) _	geckos	and five lizards in a suitcase.
1) A) out	B) without	C) outer	D) out of	E) outing
2) A) during	B) where	C) still	D) while	E) yet
3) A) luggage	B) handbag	C) purse	D) handled	E) wallet
4) A) had wrapped	B) wrapped	C) have packed	D) packaged	E) packed
5) A) buy	B) to buy	C) bought	D) have bought	E) would buy
6) A) pretends	B) pretend	C) cried	D) claimed	E) shouted
7) A) bills	B) rolls	C) paper	D) ticket	E) fines
8) A) widely	B) wide	C) worldly	D) worldwide	E) wider
9) A) under	B) over	C) on top	D) above	E) below
10) A) life	B) live	C) lovely	D) let	E) loose

Meet the couple visiting every railway station in Britain

Railway stations are places we go to and places we pass through, places that are home and far 11) ——————————————————————————————————							
But whatever the station's elemental essence, Vicki Pipe and Geoff Marshall want to visit it. The couple are four weeks 12) a 14-week odyssey to see and film Britain's 2,563 National Rail stations. "We wanted to do something memorable," says Marshall.							
nalt they want to to convoluted branch	They don't have to 13) at every station, but they have to be on a train that stops at the nalt they want to tick off. They are also using taxis and lifts from friends to save doubling back on convoluted branch lines. They 14) £38,000 on Kickstarter to pay for £745 14-day All Line Rover tickets, video editing and accommodation, plus plenty of cups of tea.						
Railway Journeys,	revel in the small	ll joys of our wei	rd island life: are	lo's BBC series Great British ade machines, ice-cream, nich bunters and the simple pleasur	ne		
ittle-known station	ns," says Pipe. "I ') v	t wasn't 16) vork on the railw	we sta	o new audiences and brings to rted that my mum told me th eat-grandad was a signalman	nat I		
Marshall adds: "W year, so on 3 June,	~			d 12 passengers for the previo	ous		
After 18) southern England, they are tracking north through the Midlands. But the nighlights are yet 19) Pipe wants to visit Wemyss Bay in Scotland. "Corrour was a filming location for Trainspotting," adds Marshall. "I've always wanted to go there."							
				ct GBRJ successors. "Book a lliant," 20) Ma			
11) A) from	B) to	C) in	D) of	E) with			
12) A) in	B) into	C) up to	D) down	E) upper			
13) A) withstand	B) hop	C) go away	D) withdraw	E) get out			
14) A) rise	B) raised	C) rose	D) had raised	E) risen			
15) A) landings	B) landscapes	C) scapegoats	D) landfills	E) escapes			
16) A) ago	B) still	C) yet	D) until	E) when			
17) A) used to	B) use	C) using	D) used	E) to use			
18) A) doing	B) going	C) see	D) go	E) to do			
19) A) come	B) came	C) to come	D) coming	E) will come			
20) A) tells	B) relates	C) recounts	D) says	E) speaks			

Motorway meals: how 60 years of the service station has shaped how Britain eats

cinemas architect	Harry Weedon - Inside, water dri	- 21)	tired, with tufts o	building - designed by the Odeon f insulation sprouting from the aployee mops up, then deploys a			
Watford Gap is significant for several reasons. It is the place where, traditionally, south-east England ends and the Midlands and the north begin (or vice versa, of course, depending 23) whether you are northbound or southbound); it is a gap between two hills where the road was squeezed n next to the canal and the railway. It also marks a moment between two eras, with the service station being a milestone in Harold Wilson's vision of a 24) to modernity.							
Originally, it was a place for drivers to stop for the human necessities: tea and a pee. And for their cars which were more prone to 25) than today's. It was a place for nocturnal motorcyclists to speed to as fast as their machines would carry them on three lanes free of traffic. It was a stopover for bands on the road 26) the Beatles, the Stones, Pink Floyd, Dusty Springfield, the Eagles. And it was a place for a grilled meal and desserts. It wasn't the cross-section of British society it is today; more a 27) for the upwardly mobile. It would have been business travellers dining on expense accounts.							
from Harry Rams and look, not out	Today you can still eat fish above the motorway at Leicester Forest East, but it comes - with chips - from Harry Ramsden's. The food 28) space is shared with other franchises. You sit down and look, not out on to a brave new road, but down into your phone, 29) with one hand while shovelling fast food with the other.						
How did it get to this? The romance went quickly and reputations declined for several reasons: the government introduced rules and regulations, service stations became familiar and prosaic, and roads got busier. There was a sort of perfect storm in declining service and increasingly crowded facilities, which just 30) that they ceased to be pleasant places to go.							
21) A) licks	B) looms	C) lives	D) likes	E) looks			
22) A) land	B) earth	C) floor	D) ceiling	E) bottom			
23) A) by	B) on	C) to	D) of	E) with			
24) A) lift	B) journey	C) pavement	D) stair	E) travel			
25) A) upwards	B) breakdown	C) up and down	D) breaking up	E) downwards			
26) A) so as	B) so	C) such as	D) as	E) such			
27) A) home	B) room	C) place	D) piece	E) space			
28) A) cafe	B) court	C) mall	D) cantine	E) house			
29) A) scrolling	B) rolling	C) mowing	D) to roll	E) to scroll			
30) A) said	B) meant	C) spent	D) saw	E) shown			

Climate change denial is evil, says Mary Robinson

Mary Robinson, say gas. They must swit climate protests, inc	s fossil fuel compared to become parelluding the school	anies have lost the t of the transition strikes for clima	neir social licence to n to clean energy. te founded by "sup	cial envoy for climate change to explore for more coal, oil and She also says she supports perstar" Greta Thunberg, and 32) we also need
works for human rig	thts. She says in halign, it is evil, a	er speech: "I bel nd it amounts to	ieve that climate of	counded by Nelson Mandela that change 33) is not any human rights to some of the
action indisputable,' human rights - from	" she will say. "Cli the right to life, e contributed 36)	mate change 34 to food, to 35)) the	d the moral case for urgent e enjoyment of the full range of to health. It is an injustice that problem suffer the worst
				words were the result of 37) sing impacts on poor farmers,
villagers and commu	unities when they	could not predic	t when the rainy s	season was going to come."
where fossil fuel con	npanies have lost treserves 38)	their legitimacy a	and social licence	"We have entered a new reality to operate." She says xisting reserves must be kept in
body for fossil fuels	from 2010-16. "It industrialised counctively exporting t	stirs painful mentries proclaim their emissions to	mories of past exp heir good intention	by its export finance loitative behaviour to see the ns and act in a progressive way puntries and 40)
31) A) formal	B) former	C) ancient	D) later	E) late
32) A) though	B) through	C) tough	D) thought	E) thorough
33) A) in denial	B) negative	C) denial	D) to deny	E) negate
34) A) undermines	B) underscores	C) underlines	D) understands	E) underlies
35) A) loft	B) roof	C) top	D) ceiling	E) shelter
36) A) less	B) at most	C) more	D) least	E) lesser
37) A) seeing	B) to see	C) saw	D) seen	E) have seen
38) A) to be	B) would	C) have	D) must	E) be
39) A) giving	B) had given	C) gave	D) to give	E) given
40) A) leave	B) allow	C) leaving	D) letting	E) to let

How dangerous are drones to aircraft?

Any midair collision with an object is dangerous 41) aircraft, as exemplified by the crash of US_Airways Flight 1549 in January 2009. Capt Chesley Sullenberger steered a passenger jet carrying 155 people into the Hudson River after it hit a 42) of Canada geese shortly after taking off from La Guardia airport in New York City. The birds destroyed both aircraft engines.							
The 43) of a Canada goose - between 2kg and 6.5kg - is exceeded by some professional-quality camera drones. Pilots have called for more testing on the potential impact of a drone on an engine - tests that manufacturers routinely apply for bird strikes - but this would be expensive.							
UK Airprox Board were 92 between ai	(UKAB), which	n monitors all nees in 2017. That	ear misses involvi was 45)	as tripled in the UK since 2015. The ng commercial aircraft, said there three times the number in e growth in drone use.			
airport. Further re	strictions apply by the aviation v	if the drone is 4 watchdog and na	6)tional air traffic	tricted airspace such as near an with a camera. The Dronesafe control, outlines a series of at all times.			
answer. The governin English prisons blocks radio signal	What can be done to stop drones 47) over airports? Prisons could help provide the answer. The government is looking at introducing an anti-drone system to stop drug 48) in English prisons following a successful six-month experiment in Guernsey. The SkyFence system blocks radio signals around a prison whenever drones are detected and is used to prevent them from dropping drugs to inmates.						
But jamming the s risk of inadvertent				in an airport, where the be too high.			
Endangering people by flying a drone illegally can lead to a custodial 50) of up to five years, but police have found it very difficult to identify the operators of drones that have been spotted by pilots, hence the calls for a mandatory register of drones and their users, and for "geo-fencing".							
41) A) of	B) on	C) over	D) to	E) next			
42) A) bunch	B) fleet	C) troup	D) flock	E) gang			
43) A) weight	B) height	C) length	D) breadth	E) width			
44) A) rate	B) pace	C) tempo	D) step	E) speed			
45) A) so as	B) such as	C) than	D) less	E) more than			
46) A) equip	B) dressed	C) fitted	D) sounded	E) mirrored			
47) A) to fly	B) flying	C) flown	D) have flown	E) will fly			
48) A) struggling	B) smuggling	C) thieving	D) deceiving	E) receiving			
49) A) risky	B) frothy	C) cloudy	D) freaky	E) dotty			
50) A) time	B) idiom	C) expression	D) phrase	E) sentence			

Gypsy community "failed by government" says report

to a rep	port. The Common had the 52) ration, health, em	ons women and outcome ployment, crim	equalities common equalities equalities common equalities eq	reller communities in Britain, 51) nittee said Gypsy, Roma and unic group across a huge range of hate crime, but little was being		
Traveller background years. Travellers are five Gypsy Traveller	s had the lowest 54) mothers will expensity. Many Roma	attainment of a to die more the erience the loss a families were	all ethnic groups an a decade ear of a child, comp being exploited	t students from Gypsy, Roma or 53) their school lier than non-Travellers, and one in pared with one in 100 in the by "rogue landlords" and were		
have been compreheneducation, health, energuire services which	nsively failed by papers, criming the differentiate beautiful.	policymakers an nal justice, tack tween different	d public service ling hate crime groups who hav	psy, Roma and Traveller people s for far too long. Access to and domestic violence - all these e different needs, and 56) ma and Traveller people."		
$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ of Gyp}$ recommendations wh	sy, Roma and Tracich the women are acced by Gypsies,	aveller commun nd equalities co Roma and Tra	ities, said: "The mmittee have m vellers. We will	re are a number of strong and dear ade which have the potential to be using all of the tools at our		
tackle these inequalit that the Gypsy, Rom disadvantage and lea	"This 59) report gives yet more evidence to show the persistent failure by government to tackle these inequalities, or to recognise and challenge the shocking level of racism and discrimination that the Gypsy, Roma and Traveller community face in their everyday lives, which perpetuates disadvantage and leads to the poorest 60) in every aspect of life including education, health and employment."					
51) A) saying	B) according	C) telling	D) narrating	E) speaking		
52) A) worst	B) bad	C) baddest	D) worse	E) worn		
53) A) though	B) throughout	C) through	D) tough	E) thought		
54) A) seemingly	B) highly	C) likely	D) possibily	E) supposedly		
55) A) pay	B) salary	C) wage	D) money	E) income		
56) A) always	B) steal	C) yet	D) never	E) ago		
57) A) on stand-by	B) on-duty	C) on-call	D) onwards	E) on behalf		
58) A) cry out	B) shout at	C) call on	D) speak out	E) talk out		
59) A) sooner	B) latest	C) receeding	D) lastly	E) recently		
60) A) intakes	B) outcomes	C) outings	D) incomes	E) outgoings		

Lawyer who spat at flight attendant during racist tirade is jailed

refused alcohol or sentencing at Isle	n a nine-hour bus worth crown cou	siness class flig art, told Simon	ht has been jail e Bums: "The e	cist foul-mouthed tirade after she viras ed for six months. Judge Nicholas Wood, experience of a drunk and irrational a long-haul flight and poses a potential
luckless and unfor	rtunate passenge	ers and crew th	nere is no escape	s behaviour, the judge said "for the e at 30,000ft". He added that "spitting a particularly insulting and upsetting
	months for assau	lt. The senten		six months for being drunk on an concurrently after she
from Mumbai to	London on 11 N condemned by	ovember 2018. a member of tl	She also smoke	ne was denied more on an Air India flight ed a cigarette in the toilets during the s unlike 65) he had seen
prolonged rant w	hich also saw her	r spit and 66)	t	he arm of the steward, the court heard. member who was assaulted.
	her TV was not	positioned corr	rectly. She had	the flight. She had also gone to the galley and demanded drinks
must have been "Bur	extremely upset'ns: The fact rem	by Burns's benains that you	ehaviour and th were drunk and	ted and that the Air India passengers e language she used. The judge 68) obnoxious almost from the beginning to and used appalling language."
Bums later descri	bed her as being ad never witness	g "continually a sed such behav	abusive in the niour". Bums wa	rew members who 69) with ine-hour flight and in his 30 years as a s given a verbal 70) and
61) A) while	B) at	C) when	D) during	E) through
62) A) to	B) in	C) by	D) at	E) of
63) A) sight	B) seeing	C) view	D) vision	E) range
64) A) served	B) displayed	C) shown	D) offered	E) provided
65) A) anything	B) something	C) anyway	D) someway	E) somehow
66) A) grape	B) grab	C) gripe	D) ground	E) gurgle
67) A) in	B) into	C) while	D) to	E) over
68) A) to say	B) said	C) had told	D) told	E) has said
69) A) to deal	B) have dealt	C) dealt	D) has dealt	E) would have dealt
70) A) wasting	B) watching	C) warning	D) wishing	E) washing

U.S. uses beagles dogs to detect smuggled pork

and border crossing products from region	gs to 71) ons experiencing which has patroll	out travelers African swine fever ed ports of entry sir	coming into the coubreaks. The do	o international airports, ports ountry with hidden pork ogs are part of the agency's otect the nation's agricultural
The agency said it drive, they want to			teen sense of $72)$	and a high food
spreading quickly 7	73)sease could have	_ China and other A	sian countries, crip	no vaccine or treatment. It is opling their pork industries. k industry 74) it
"Prevention is our Council.	best defense," sa	id Liz Wagstrom, ch	nief veterinarian at	the National Pork Producers
	n swine fever, bu			veler's luggage. Ecuador does e fever, according to the Swine
into the United Sta	ates. That invest		officials said, is 76	on pounds of pork from China B) Bringing them is illegal.
director for CBP a people don't make	griculture progra the nexus betwe	ams and trade liaiso	n, told Farm Journ d the spread of a fo	t," Kevin Harriger, executive al's Pork magazine. "Most breign animal disease. They hat simple to them."
	in the United S			per of labs able to test for 179) the agency
humanely euthaniz	ed and the farm	, ,	then there will be	"The animals will be e heavy surveillance of the icated."
• '	ious sizes. The g	groups plan to 80)_		ee exercise on how to respond er practice exercise this fall
71) A) sniff	B) stifle	C) stream	D) steal	E) stealth
72) A) perfume	B) saveur	C) smell	D) hearing	E) flavour
73) A) under	B) down	C) through	D) out	E) without
74) A) could	B) would	C) should have	D) could have	E) should
75) A) struggle	B) snuggle	C) juggle	C) smuggle	E) cuddle
76) A) going to	B) ongoing	C) outgoing	D) to go	E) going
77) A) breaths	B) widths	C) lengths	D) depths	E) heights
78) A) When	B) While	C) Over	D) About	E) Yet
79) A) ability	B) able	C) disable	D) enable	E) unable
80) A) door	B) handle	C) hand	D) carry	E) hold